

# MEXICANS LOST 14 MEN AT CARRIZAL TWELVE AMERICANS DIED IN FIGHT

## GEN. CARRANZA DEMANDS THAT U. S. EXPLAIN

Asks Reason for "Unprovoked  
Attack" on Mexican Troops  
By Pershing's Men.

### NO CHANGE IN POLICY YET

President Wilson is awaiting an official report from Brig. Gen. John J. Pershing, commanding the American forces in Mexico, concerning the clash between American and Carranzista forces at Carrizal, before determining on the course of action to be followed.

Upon the nature of this report will depend whether the time is at hand for the United States to make good its solemn warning to Carranza that an attack on the American forces "would lead to grave consequences."

The Mexican version of the affair was laid officially before Secretary of State Lansing today by Eliseo Arredondo, who had been directed by his government to call attention to "the imprudence" of the American commander in going so far from his base at Nampiquipa in face of the warning of General Trevino that any movement on the part of the American forces, south, east, or west, would be resisted; and also to ask an explanation of the "unprovoked" attack on the Mexican force.

### SAME ACCOUNTS.

Arredondo's information as to the Carrizal trouble tallied with newspaper accounts springing from Mexican sources.

Arredondo held it was unnecessary for the Americans to make this move. His information, he said, was direct. "Several dead" were left on both sides, according to the Mexican envoy, while seventeen Americans were captured by Carranzistas. He had no exact information as to the number of the dead.

The Mexican embassy later gave out General Carranza's instructions to Arredondo, including his statement on the Carrizal battle. It follows:

### Carranza's Letter.

"Please bring to the attention of the Department of State that an engagement occurred today (Wednesday) at Carrizal, near Villa Ahumada, Chihuahua, between American forces numbering about 200 men, and a force of our government troops.

"During this engagement Gen. Gomez and several of our soldiers, as well as several Americans, were killed. Our forces captured seventeen prisoners, according to a statement by the United States."

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## Carranza Seeks Aid In South America

Starts Anti-United States Propaganda Through an Information Bureau.

### By CHARLES P. STUART.

BUENOS AIRES, June 22.—The Mexican government today launched an extensive anti-United States propaganda in South America.

Former Argentine Congressman Palacio has accepted an offer to make a speaking tour against the United States. He is working directly under the auspices of the Mexican Federation of Labor.

The information bureau organized by General Carranza is circulating matter throughout Argentina and other South American states aiming to stir up hostility to the United States.

The newspaper La Prensa this morning prints a declaration of Carranza's information agency that the United States regards Mexico as the first obstacle in her expansion southward.

The fate of Mexico is decisive for all Latin-America," the statement declared.

Argentine students are organizing a mass meeting to be held Monday to protest against American intervention.

## Japanese Cruiser Is Off Mexican Port

MEXICO CITY, June 22.—It is officially reported that a Japanese cruiser has arrived off Mazatlan.

Officials believe more Japanese warships will arrive in Mexican ports shortly. The purpose of the ships were not made public.

Officially it is stated the United States reply to Carranza's note will be published here within the next forty-eight hours.

## WORKS DEMANDS ACTION ON MEXICO

California Senator Wants to  
Know Why His Intervention  
Measure Is Buried.

The Mexican situation came up in the Senate today when Senator Works of California called up a resolution which he introduced five months ago directing intervention in Mexico.

He demanded to know why the Foreign Relations Committee, to which it was referred, had not acted.

Chairman Stone, of the committee, was hurriedly sent for by Administration leaders.

Stone told the Senate his committee had thought it best to take no action, and that he could not say when it would.

"Then I may move to discharge the committee from consideration of the bill," said Works. "I have no desire to force a debate today. I do think that if the executive departments continue their inaction, Congress should step in."

## Meyer London Asks Troops' Withdrawal

Presents Petition in House Signed  
by 1,180 Persons From  
Anti-War League.

Congressman Meyer London presented in the House today a petition signed by 1,180 persons asking the immediate withdrawal of American troops in Mexico. The petition was forwarded by the Greater New York division of the Anti-War League of America.

"The presence of our soldiers on the soil of a sister republic," says the petition, "carries with it the terrible menace of an almost inevitable war between the two nations."

To avert the possibility of the European carnage and devastation on this continent, we urge the Federal legislature and the President to withdraw our troops from Mexico. Such action alone will, at this critical period in our history, be the only preventive against a horrible continental war."

Mrs. Regina D. Ekins, of Brooklyn, division secretary of the league, wrote a supplementary letter urging the adoption in Congress of a resolution calling for the withdrawal of troops.

## ARMY TRANSPORTS HELD IN READINESS

Four Ships Ordered to Be Prepared  
for Instant Service.

NORFOLK, June 22.—Orders to make the army transports Kilpatrick, Meade, Burford and Sumner ready for service have been received at Newport News, where the vessels have been held in reserve for some time.

It is reported the transports will be used to carry troops to Galveston, whence they can be hurried to the Mexican border by train.

State troops from Virginia and Maryland, it is said, may be taken to Mexico by transport.

## May Resort to Militia Conscription in Minnesota

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 22.—Conscription may be forced upon Minnesota men capable of bearing arms, to recruit the Minnesota National Guard to full war strength.

The Minnesota military code provides for enrollment of eligible arm bearers, with the taking of each census. High military authorities today said they considered this clause sufficient ground for forcing Minnesota men to enlistment. The matter may be brought before the State supreme court for a test.

## Body of Officer Killed In Santo Domingo Here

NORFOLK, June 22.—With the body of Capt. Herbert J. Hirschinger, U. S. M. C., on board, the collier Hector arrived in Hampton Roads last night from Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo.

Captain Hirschinger was fatally wounded by a sniper at Puerto Plata May 21, while leading a party of American marines which attempted a landing.

Captain Hirschinger was a member of the expedition which marched from Taku, China, during the Boxer uprising to relieve the besieged legations in Peking. He also saw service in the Philippines.

## RIGHT TO USE GUARDSMEN IN MEXICO ASKED

Hay Introduces Resolution in  
House Drafting Militia Into  
National Service.

### BAKER SPENDS A BUSY DAY

Secretary of War Baker had the  
busiest day of his life today.

With the burden on his shoulders of preparing to meet all eventualities in Mexico, Secretary Baker has been in constant communication throughout the day with the White House, State, and Navy departments, and the Capitol.

After arriving at his office shortly after 9 o'clock this morning, Secretary Baker went to the White House for an extensive conference with the President.

Returning from the White House, Mr. Baker and Secretary of State Lansing were in conference. Secretary Baker then went to the Capitol with a copy of the drafting resolution permitting the President to draft the national guard into the military service of the United States.

### RESOLUTION INTRODUCED.

Later in the day, following his conference with Secretary Baker, Chairman James Hay, of the Military Affairs Committee, introduced the resolution in the House.

Adoption of this resolution makes possible the use of the national guard on foreign soil.

The resolution gives the President general authority concerning the designations of commands for the forces thus drafted and provides that where two officers of the same grade are on duty in the same field, department, or command, the President may assign the officer to take charge.

Chairman Hay said this afternoon that the House would act on the resolution tomorrow. No objection is expected, and the resolution will go through both houses quickly.

### Natural Consequence.

Introduction of the resolution today is regarded as the natural consequence of the battle between Mexicans and American troops in Mexico on yesterday.

Two days ago it was decided by War Department officials and Mr. Hay that a resolution of this character would not be introduced for two weeks. It was feared that Mexico might regard such action as a virtual declaration of war.

The encounter between the Mexican and American troops caused a change in plans today, and there will be no delay in giving the President authority to send the national guard to the border and across the border if necessary.

Under the law the President requires specific authority of Congress to use the national guard on foreign soil. Department officials and Mr. Hay that the guard to repel invasion without such specific authority.

Pessimism prevailed at the Capitol today over the Mexican outlook. Many members privately say that intervention (Continued on Second Page.)

## Madeline Astor Marries W. C. Dick

Nuptial Knot Is Tied at Bar Harbor, Me., Today Before a  
Few Friends.

BAR HARBOR, Me., June 22.—Mrs. Astor completed her sacrifice of money for love at the altar today. Dressed in a simple blue serge traveling suit with a straw hat to match, the widow of Col. John Jacob Astor was married this afternoon to William C. Dick, of New York.

In doing so she automatically forfeited an income from the \$5,000,000 principal left her by the Titanic's wealthiest victim.

The officiating clergyman today was the Rev. Albert C. Larned. The ceremony took place in St. Saviour's Protestant Church. Only a few intimate friends were present.

The couple will spend their honeymoon at Santa Barbara, Cal.

## COMMANDS 10TH CAVALRY WHOSE MEN WERE KILLED



COL. WILLIAM C. BROWN.

## PROTECT NOGALES, FUNSTON IS TOLD MEXICO CITY GETS NEWS OF BATTLE

Women and Children of City in  
Frenzy of Fright Mayor  
Clagett Says.

At an early hour this morning the War Department wired General Funston to take any steps deemed necessary for protection of Nogales, Ariz.

This action was taken after midnight, following receipt of a telegram from Acting Mayor Clagett, of Nogales. In his telegram Mr. Clagett said women and children of the town were in a frenzied state of fright, because 8,000 Mexicans, equipped with thirty-six machine guns, were massing across the border.

The acting mayor asked that the town be placed under martial law. His telegram was directed to the War Department, office of the Secretary. Earlier in the evening Senator Henry F. Ashurst went to the War Department with a telegram for J. W. Edwards, on behalf of the Nogales chamber of commerce, asking that protection be given citizens.

Senator Ashurst tried to get in touch with the Secretary of War, but did not succeed. He talked with Secretary of the President, Mr. Clegg, and later placed the information he had with Maj. Gen. Tasker Bliss, of the office of the chief of staff.

The telegram from Mr. Edwards said, in part: "There are about 6,500 people here, which, in case of attack, will be bottled up and helpless, and loss of life would be very great. The American town is located in a cup-like basin entirely surrounded by the hills on the Mexican side. It is our belief that these hills should be occupied immediately."

Senator Ashurst did not leave the War Department until some time after midnight. He conferred with officers in the office of the chief of staff.

## Troops Hurry to Relief Of Nogales, Arizona

DOUGLAS, Ariz., June 22.—Responding to appeals of residents at Nogales, Ariz., a battalion of the Fourteenth Infantry and a similar number of Arizona national guardsmen are en route to that city today.

Military commanders were convinced of the truth of reports that a large force of Mexicans was concentrating a few miles below Nogales and feared another raid on the border. The Santa Cruz valley will be strongly patrolled and guarded.

Refugees arriving here say there is a general movement now of Carranza troops northward to the border.

## Sharks Drive Fourteen Whales to Sandy Beach

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., June 22.—Fourteen monster whales were driven ashore here last night by a school of sharks.

They died after the receding tide left them in a hollow they had threshed into the sand high up on the beach. It has been fifteen years since such an incident occurred near here, two whales having been driven ashore in 1901.

## OBREGON ORDERED ATTACK ON TROOPERS OF TENTH CAVALRY

Juarez Is Being Evacuated Today By Army of  
Carranzistas Who Utilize Box Cars.  
Re-enforcements Rushed By Pershing to  
Aid Troops in Danger.

EL PASO, Tex., June 22.—Twelve Americans, including their commander, whose name is unknown, were killed in the battle at Carrizal yesterday, Mexican Consul Garcia announced today.

Seventeen Americans were captured and the Americans retreated carrying off a number of wounded, consulate advices said.

The Mexicans lost fourteen killed and a number wounded.

Capt. Lewis S. Morey is reliably reported today to have been in command of the Tenth Cavalry detachment which figured in the Carrizal fight.

The Carranzista troops opened fire on the United States cavalry at Carrizal on War Minister Obregon's orders. General Gonzales, commander in Juarez, announced he had received Obregon's message to this effect.

Juarez, the Mexican border town opposite El Paso, is being evacuated today. Before dawn two troop trains left Juarez for the south, together with Carranzista soldiers and many civilians.

### JUAREZ BEING EVACUATED.

They were riding atop cars and hanging on the sides. It is expected that all soldiers excepting possibly a small guard will leave Juarez tonight.

All along the border army officers are hovering over telegraph instruments every moment expecting a flash that General Pershing's long awaited report on the Carrizal battle is on the wires.

General Funston at San Antonio wired Pershing at 6 a. m. today for a report on the battle. He said any additional request for militia would depend on Pershing's report.

Up to 1 o'clock the American version of the clash that caused the death of twelve United States cavalymen had not been received, though further confirmation of the battle were pouring in from Mexican sources.

But every border man, civilian and soldier alike, believes that when the real story comes through it will be an account of American soldiers led into a trap by a subterfuge, murdered in cold blood because they respected a flag of truce.

Confirmation of the belief that the early accounts that Americans were the aggressors were false is found in dispatches from Mexico City given out by General Gonzales.

### IGNORED THE "DEAD LINE."

The clash was due to failure of General Pershing to obey Carranza's "dead line" edict is the statement attributed officially to General Obregon, with never a word of the version that an American officer fired on a messenger bearing a flag of truce.

Army officers are outspoken in their belief that the official report from General Pershing will bear out the statement of the two American passengers who told of how the Mexicans boasted of leading the colored cavalymen to their death by a trick.

Unofficial reports from various sources tell of how the expeditionary force is preparing for eventualities.

Re-enforcements were being rushed to the aid of the victims of an ambush. General Pershing has sent a body of additional troops to the Tenth general headquarters, according to word received here. Gen. Pershing is redispersing his entire force as a result of yesterday's clash with Carranza troops at Carrizal, according to reports from the field today.

Heavy forces, ready for immediate action, are being com-

Reports from the cruiser Cleveland are that conditions at Guaymas are unsettled and that Carranzistas are moving out their supplies and stores.

These supplies are being sent to El Paso, a railroad center.

The Cleveland expects to pick up seventy American refugees at Guaymas.